UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

\mathbf{X} ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 001-14757

EnviroStar, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

290 N.E. 68th Street, Miami, Florida (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 305-754-4551

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: Common Stock, \$.025 par value

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🛛 No 🗵

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes \Box No \boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes D No D

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment of this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company \boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗖 No 🗵

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

11-2014231

33138 (Zip Code) The aggregate market value as at September 23, 2011 of the Common Stock of the registrant, its only class of voting stock, held by non-affiliates was approximately \$3,730,000 based on the closing price of the registrant's Common Stock on the NYSE Amex on that date. Such market value excludes shares owned by all executive officers and directors (and their spouses). This should not be construed as indicating that all such persons are affiliates.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock as at September 23, 2011 was 7,033,732.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement relating to its 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 in Part III of this Report.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Item 1.	Business.	4
Item 1A.	Risk Factors.	9
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments.	9
Item 2.	Properties.	9
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings.	9
Item 4.	Removed and Reserved.	9
<u>Item 5.</u>	Market for the Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.	10
<u>Item 6.</u>	Selected Financial Data.	10
<u>Item 7.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.	11
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks.	17
<u>Item 8.</u>	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.	17
<u>Item 9.</u>	Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.	32
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures.	32
Item 9B.	Other Information.	33
<u>Item 10.</u>	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.	34
<u>Item 11.</u>	Executive Compensation.	34
<u>Item 12.</u>	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.	34
<u>Item 13.</u>	Principal Accountant Fees and Services.	34
<u>Item 14.</u>	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.	34
<u>Signatures</u>		38

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Report, words such as "may," "should," "seek," "believe," "expect," anticipate," "estimate," "project," "intend," "strategy" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements regarding events, conditions and financial trends that may affect the Company's future plans, operations, business strategies, operating results and financial position. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, trends, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry trends and results, to differ materially from the future results, trends, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among others: general economic and business conditions in the United States and other countries in which the Company's customers and suppliers are located; industry conditions and trends; technology changes; competition and other factors which may affect prices which the Company may charge for its products and its profit margins; the availability and cost of the inventory purchased by the Company; the relative value of the United States dollar to currencies in the countries in which the Company's customers, suppliers and competitors are located; changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulation, principally environmental regulations; the Company's ability to implement changes in its business strategies and development plans; and the availability, terms and deployment of debt and equity capital if needed for expansion. These and certain other factors are discussed in this Report and from time to time in other Company reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not assume an obligation to update the factors discussed in this Report or such other reports.

PART I

Item 1. Business.

General

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on June 30, 1963 under the name Metro-Tel Corp. and changed its name to DRYCLEAN USA, Inc. on November 7, 1999. On December 1, 2009, the Company changed its name to EnviroStar, Inc. Unless the context otherwise requires, as used in this Report, the "Company" includes EnviroStar, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

The Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Steiner-Atlantic Corp. ("Steiner"), in United States, Caribbean and Latin American markets:

- · distributes commercial and industrial laundry and drycleaning equipment, steam boilers and process steam systems manufactured by others;
- · supplies replacement parts and accessories to its customers; and
- · designs and plans "turn-key" laundry and/or drycleaning systems to meet the layout, volume and budget needs of its diversified institutional, retail, industrial and commercial customers.

In recent years, while industrial and commercial laundry and boiler sales have increased the Company's overall sales, the sales increase has been partially offset by a decline in drycleaning equipment sales as fewer drycleaning establishments and plants are open, principally due to the effects of the economy on the retail drycleaning industry and, to a lesser extent, a greater use of casual dress.

The Company, through its DRYCLEAN USA License Corp. wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, owns the worldwide rights to the name DRYCLEAN USA®, which the Company franchises and licenses to retail drycleaners in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin America.

DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp., a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, enters into leases for new retail drycleaning establishments for resale to third parties.

Available Information

The Company files Annual Reports on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, files or furnishes Current Reports on Form 8-K, files or furnishes amendments to those reports, and files proxy and information statements with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These reports and statements may be read and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, DC 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. These reports and statements, as well as beneficial ownership reports filed by the Company's officers, directors and beneficial owners of more than 10% of the Company's common stock, may be obtained without charge through the Company's Internet site http://www.envirostarinc.com as soon as reasonably practicable after such materials are filed with, or furnished to, the SEC.

Products

The Company sells a broad line of commercial and industrial laundry and drycleaning equipment and steam boilers and process steam systems, as well as related replacement parts and accessories.

The commercial and industrial laundry equipment distributed by the Company features washers and dryers, including tunnel systems and coin-operated machines, many of which are designed to reduce utility and water consumption. In addition, the Company sells water reuse and heat reclamation systems, sheet feeders, flatwork ironers, automatic towel and sheet folders and stackers.

The drycleaning equipment distributed by the Company includes commercial drycleaning machines, most of which, including the Company's proprietary Green-Jet® dry-wetcleaning machine, are environmentally friendly because they eliminate the use of perchloroethylene (Perc) in the drycleaning process, thereby eliminating the health and environmental concerns that Perc poses to customers and their landlords. This line of products also includes garment presses, finishing equipment, sorting and storage conveyors and accessories.

Boiler products consist of high efficiency, low emission steam boilers, steam systems and hot water systems that are used in the laundry and drycleaning industry for temperature control, heating, pressing and de-wrinkling and in the healthcare industry, food and beverage industry and in other industrial markets for sterilization, product sealing and other purposes.

The Company also sells replacement parts and accessories for the products itsells.

The products sold by the Company are positioned and priced to appeal to customers in each of the high-end, mid-range and value priced markets. These products are offered in a wide range of price points to address the needs of a diverse customer base. Suggested prices for most of the Company's products range from approximately \$5,000 to \$500,000. The products supplied by the Company afford the Company's customers a "one-stop shop" for commercial and industrial laundry and drycleaning machines, boilers and accessories. By providing "one-stop" shopping, the Company believes it is better able to attract and support potential customers who can choose from the Company's broad product line. The products and parts sold by the Company accounted for approximately 99% of revenues in each of the years ended June 30, 2011 ("fiscal 2011") and June 30, 2010 ("fiscal 2010").

In addition, the Company, under the name DRYCLEAN USA®, currently franchises and licenses drycleaning stores in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin America. During each of fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, the Company's license and franchise segment contributed less than 1% of the Company's revenues. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company established a small office in Mexico, as

a subsidiary of DRYCLEAN USA License Corp., to seek to expand the number of area franchises and increase sales in Mexico.

DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp. enters into leases for new drycleaning establishments for resale to third parties. In recent years, this area of business has produced nominal revenues.

Customers and Markets

The Company's customer base consists of approximately 1,700 customers in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin America. The Company's commercial and industrial laundry equipment and boilers are sold primarily to laundry plants, hotels, motels, cruise lines, hospitals, hospital combines, nursing homes, government institutions, distributors and specialized users. Drycleaning equipment is sold primarily to independent and franchise drycleaning stores, chains and higher-end hotels. No customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenues during fiscal 2011 and 2010.

Sales, Marketing and Customer Support

The laundry and drycleaning equipment products and boilers marketed by the Company are sold to its customers in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin America, as well as customers of its DRYCLEAN USA® licensing subsidiary. The Company employs sales executives to market its proprietary and distributed products in the United States and in international markets. A substantial portion of sales orders for equipment and replacement parts and accessories are obtained by telephone, e-mail and fax inquiries originated by the customer or by the Company, and significant repeat sales are derived from existing customers. The Company supports product sales by advertising in trade publications, participating in trade shows and engaging in regional promotions and sales incentive programs.

The Company seeks to establish customer satisfaction by offering:

- · competitive pricing;
- maintenance of a comprehensive replacement parts and accessories inventory, often with same day or overnight availability;
- · design and layout assistance;
- · a toll-free support line to resolve customer service problems; and
- · warranty, preventive maintenance and on-site training performed by factory trained technicians.

The Company trains its sales and service employees to provide service and customer support. The Company uses specialized classroom training, instructional videos and vendor sponsored seminars to educate employees about product information. In addition, the Company's technical staff has prepared comprehensive training manuals, written in English and Spanish, relating to specific training procedures. The Company's technical personnel are continuously retrained as new technology is developed.

Foreign Sales

For the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, export revenues, principally to the Caribbean and Latin America, aggregated approximately \$4,739,000 and \$4,650,000, respectively, of which approximately \$4,629,000 and \$4,548,000, respectively, related to commercial and industrial laundry and drycleaning equipment and boilers.

All of the Company's export sales require the customer to make payment in United States dollars. Foreign sales may be affected by the strength of the United States dollar relative to the currencies of the countries in which customers and competitors are located, as well as the strength of the economies of the countries in which the Company's customers are located.

Sources of Supply

The Company purchases laundry, drycleaning machines, boilers and the other products from a number of manufacturers and suppliers. Two of these manufacturers accounted for approximately 35% and 15%, respectively, of the Company's purchases for the year ended June 30, 2011. These manufacturers accounted for approximately 22% and 21%, respectively, of the Company's purchases for the year ended June 30, 2010. The major manufacturers of the products sold by the Company are Pellerin Milnor Corporation, Chicago Dryer Company and Cleaver Brooks Inc. Historically, the Company has not experienced difficulty in purchasing products it distributes, and believes it has good working relationships with those from which it purchases products.

While the Company has a formal contract with only a few of the manufacturers of the products sold by it, it has established long-standing relationships with these manufacturers. The Company's management believes its relationships with manufacturers and suppliers provide the Company with a substantial competitive advantage, including exclusivity for certain products in certain areas and favorable prices and terms. The loss of certain of these vendor relationships could adversely affect the Company's business.

Due to special options and features on most of the larger and more expensive equipment ordered by customers, in most instances, the Company purchases the equipment sold by it after its receipt of the orders from its customers. However, the Company also maintains an inventory of more standardized and smaller physical sized equipment that often require more rapid delivery to meet customer needs. The Company's close working relationship with its manufacturers and suppliers enables the Company to adjust orders and delivery schedules rapidly and efficiently to reflect any change in customer demands.

The Company's current bank revolving credit facility includes a \$250,000 foreign exchange subfacility for the purpose of enabling the Company to mitigate its currency exposure, through spot foreign exchange and forward exchange contracts, with respect to certain equipment it imports. There were no open foreign exchange contracts at either June 30, 2011 or 2010.

Competition

The commercial and industrial laundry, drycleaning equipment and boiler distribution business is highly competitive and fragmented, with over 100 full-line or partial-line equipment distributors in the United States. The Company's management believes that no one distributor has a major share of the market; substantially all distributors are independently owned; and, with the exception of several regional distributors, distributors operate primarily in local markets. In Florida, the Company's principal domestic market, the Company's primary competies with distributors in other markets as well. Competition is based primarily on price, product quality, delivery and support services provided to the customer. In all geographic areas, the Company competes by offering an extensive product selection, value-added services, such as product inspection and quality assurance, a toll-free customer support line, reliability, warehouse location, price, competitive special features and, with respect to certain products, exclusivity from the manufacturer.

As a franchisor/licensor of retail drycleaning stores, DRYCLEAN USA License Corp. competes with several other franchisors and turn-key suppliers of drycleaning stores primarily on the basis of trademark recognition and reputation.

Research and Development

Research and development expense has become minimal as most of the Company's products are distributed for manufacturers that perform their own research and development.

Patents and Trademarks

The Company is the owner of United States service mark registrations for the names Enviro-Star®, Aero-Tech®, Multi-Jet® and Green-Jet®, which are used in connection with its laundry and drycleaning equipment, and of DRYCLEAN USA®, which is licensed by it to retail drycleaning establishments. The Company intends to use and protect these or related service marks, as necessary. The Company believes its trademarks and service marks have significant value and are an important factor in the marketing of its products. A patent was granted in May 2005 for the protection of the Company's Green-Jet® drywetcleaning machine in the United States. The patent will expire in May 2021.

Compliance with Environmental and Other Government Laws and Regulations

Over the past several decades federal, state and local governments in the United States and various other countries have enacted environmental protection laws in response to public concerns about the environment, including with respect to perchloroethylene (Perc), the primary cleaning agent historically used in the commercial and industrial drycleaning process. A number of industries, including the commercial and industrial drycleaning and laundry equipment industries, are subject to these evolving laws and implementing regulations. As a supplier to the industry, the Company serves customers who are primarily responsible for compliance with environmental regulations. Among the United States federal laws that the Company believes are applicable to the industry are the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA"), which provides for the investigation and remediation of hazardous waste sites; the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, as amended ("RCRA"), which regulates the generation and transportation of hazardous waste as well as its treatment, storage and disposal; and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Act ("OSHA"), which regulates exposure to toxic substances and other health and safety hazards in the workplace. Most states and a number of localities have laws that regulate the environment which are at least as stringent as the federal laws. In Florida, for example, in which a significant amount of the Company's drycleaning and laundry equipment sales are made, environmental matters are regulated by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection Mgency's ("EPA") policy in the EPA's implementation of CERCLA and RCRA and closely adheres to OSHA's standards.

The Company does not believe that compliance with Federal, state and local environmental and other laws and regulations which have been adopted have had, or will have, a material effect on its capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position.

The Company is also subject to Federal Trade Commission (the "FTC") regulations and various state laws regulating the offer and sale of franchises. The FTC and various state laws require the Company to, among other things, furnish to prospective franchisees a franchise disclosure document containing prescribed information. Certain states in the United States require separate filings in order to offer and sell franchises in those states. The Company believes that it is in compliance in all material respects with these laws.

Employees

The Company currently employs 29 employees on a full-time basis, of whom three serve in executive management capacities, thirteen are engaged in sales and marketing, eight are administrative and clerical personnel and five are service and warehouse support personnel. None of the Company's employees are subject to a collective bargaining agreement, nor has the Company experienced any work stoppages. The Company believes that its relations with employees are satisfactory.

Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>.

Not applicable.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

Item 2. <u>Properties</u>.

The Company's executive offices and the main distribution center for its products are housed in two leased adjacent facilities totaling approximately 38,000 square feet in Miami, Florida. The Company believes its facilities are adequate for its present and anticipated future needs. The following table sets forth certain information concerning the leases at these facilities:

	Approximate	
Facility	Sq. Ft.	Expiration
Miami, Florida (1)	27,000	October 2014
Miami, Florida	11,000	December 2014

(1) Leased from the Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust. The trustees of this trust are Sheila Steiner, her husband, William K. Steiner, and her son, Michael S. Steiner. Sheila Steiner, William K. Steiner, who is Chairman of the Board of Directors and a director of the Company, and Michael S. Steiner, who is President and a director of the Company, are trustees of another trust which is a principal shareholder of the Company. Michael Steiner, individually, is also a principal shareholder of the Company.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is not a party to any material pending legal proceedings.

Item 4. <u>Removed and Reserved.</u>

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's Common Stock is traded on the NYSE Amex under the symbol "EVI." The following table sets forth, for the Company's Common Stock, the high and low sales prices on the NYSE Amex, as reported by NYSE Amex, for the periods reflected below.

	High	Low
Fiscal 2011		
First Quarter	\$1.18	\$1.05
Second Quarter	1.20	1.02
Third Quarter	1.52	1.07
Fourth Quarter	1.44	1.02
Fiscal 2010		
First Quarter	\$1.10	\$.85
Second Quarter	1.25	.80
Third Quarter	1.30	1.13
Fourth Quarter	1.30	.97
-		

As of September 23, 2011, there were approximately 320 holders of record of the Company's Common Stock.

The Company is a party to a Loan and Security Agreement with a commercial bank, which, among other things, provides that the Company may declare or pay dividends only to the extent that the dividend payment would not reasonably likely result in a failure by the Company to maintain specified consolidated debt service or short-term debt to equity ratios.

The Company did not sell any equity securities during the year ended June 30, 2011 that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company did not purchase any shares of its common stock during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011.

Item 6. <u>Selected Financial Data</u>.

Not applicable.

Item 7. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>

General

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto which appear in Item 8 of this Report.

Overview

Revenues for fiscal 2011 increased by 8.7% over fiscal 2010, despite a weak economy. The increase in revenues is mostly attributed to boiler sales, which increased by 60.2%, although both sales of laundry equipment and spare parts also increased. Foreign sales increased by 1.9%. These increases offset a decrease in drycleaning sales. The Company's gross profit margins decreased slightly while selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 1.3% over fiscal 2010.

Inventories at the end of fiscal 2011 were 25.7% higher than fiscal 2010 to support an increased backlog, as incoming orders trended higher during the year. Despite the increased investment in inventory, cash increased by \$845,642 to \$6,907,020 aided by increased customer deposits.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company established a small office in Mexico as a subsidiary of DRYCLEAN USA License Corp. to seek to expand the number of area franchises and increase sales.

While the economy is expected to grow slowly in fiscal 2012, it still presents a challenge to the Company as credit remains tight and new installations are difficult to finance. However, the Company has increased its sales staff to cover improving spare parts sales and to increase coverage of under-represented areas. The Company believes that, with its strong financial position and its increased sales staff, it is positioned to take advantage of an improving economy.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the twelve month period ended June 30, 2011, cash increased by \$845,642 compared to an increase of \$600,424 during fiscal 2010.

The following table summarizes the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows:

	Years Ende	d June 30,
Net cash provided (used) by:	2011	2010
Operating activities	\$ 868,997	\$617,994
Investing activities	(23,355)	(17,570)
Net increase in cash	\$ 845,642	\$600,424

For the twelve month period ended June 30, 2011, operating activities provided cash of \$868,997 compared to \$617,994 of cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2010.

Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal 2011 was primarily provided by the Company's net earnings of \$603,773 and by an increase of \$389,728 in customer deposits. The increase in customer deposits resulted from increased orders which trended higher than sales during the period. Cash was also provided by non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization of \$55,872, bad debts of \$10,511 and a benefit of \$36,382 in deferred income taxes. Other changes in operating assets and liabilities providing cash were increases in income taxes payable of \$41,451 and accrued employee expenses of \$22,007 and decreases in leases and mortgages receivable of \$10,913 and other current assets of \$11,161. The primary use of cash in fiscal 2011 was an increase in inventories of \$416,857, partially offset by a \$208,008 increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses representing unpaid invoices not yet due to support the

increase in inventories. Other uses of cash consisted of a \$52,964 increase in accounts and trade notes receivable and a reduction of \$50,988 in inventory reserves. This reserve was placed against returned inventory in prior years which the Company resold during the first quarter of fiscal 2011.

Two significant categories affecting cash in fiscal 2010 were an increase in cash due to a decrease of \$1,176,113 in inventories, offset by a \$1,068,795 reduction of cash due to a lower level of customer deposits. Inventories for the period were reduced in line with incoming orders and a decrease in backlog. Customer deposits decreased due to the shipments made in fiscal 2010 from the Company's backlog while new orders trended lower than shipments. In addition, cash was increased by the Company's net earnings of \$414,066 and non-cash expenses for depreciation and amortization of \$75,054 and a benefit of \$ 25,809 in deferred income taxes, partially offset by the collection of a \$35,000 accounts receivable which resulted in a reversal of a previously recognized bad debt expense. Cash was also contributed by a net reduction in income taxes of \$57,316 and other current assets of \$105,472, an increase of \$99,385 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and a \$92,765 increase in accrued employee expenses partially offset by reductions in cash caused by an increase in accounts and trade notes receivable of \$225,931 and the existence of leases and mortgages receivable of \$113,622.

Investing activities used cash of \$23,355 and \$17,570 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, mostly for capital expenditures.

There were no expenditures in financing activities during fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010.

On November 1, 2010, the Company received an extension until October 30, 2011 of its existing \$2,250,000 revolving line of credit facility. The Company's obligations under the facility continue to be guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries and collateralized by substantially all of the Company's and its subsidiaries' assets. No amounts were outstanding under this facility at June 30, 2011 or June 30, 2010 nor were there any amounts outstanding at any time during fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010. The Company intends to renew, and believes the bank will agree to renew, this line for another year.

The Company believes that its existing cash, cash equivalents, net cash from operations and sources of liquidity will be sufficient to fund its operations and anticipated capital expenditures for at least the next twelve months and to meet its long term liquidity needs.

Off-Balance Sheet Financing

The Company has no off-balance sheet financing arrangements within the meaning of Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

Results of Operations

	Year Ende	Year Ended June 30,		
	2011	2010		
Net sales	\$20,963,876	\$19,266,533	+8.8%	
Development fees, franchise and license fees,				
commissions and other	361,851	358,671	+.9%	
Total revenues	\$21,325,727	\$19,625,204	+8.7%	

Net sales for the year ended June 30, 2011 increased by \$1,697,343 (8.8%) over fiscal 2010. Incoming orders generally trended higher during the year despite the improving, but slow, economy. For the twelve month period ended June 30, 2011, sales of laundry equipment increased by 5.7%, boiler sales increased by 60.2% and spare parts sales increased by 8.0% over fiscal 2010. The significant increase in boiler sales was attributed to a new and larger line of boilers which the Company began to distribute toward the beginning of fiscal 2010. These increases were offset by a decrease in drycleaning equipment sales of 29.9%. As previously reported, drycleaning equipment sales continue to decline as fewer drycleaning establishments and plants are opened. Foreign sales increased by \$88,512 (1.9%) in fiscal 2011 over fiscal 2010.

Development fees, franchise and licensing fees, commissions and other income increased by \$3,180 (.9%) for the year ended June 30, 2011 over fiscal 2010. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in licensing fees.

	Year Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
As a percentage of net sales:		
Cost of sales	76.4%	76.1%
As a percentage of revenues:		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	20.4%	21.9%
Total expenses	95.5%	96.7%

Cost of goods sold, expressed as a percentage of sales, increased to 76.4% in fiscal 2011 from 76.1% in fiscal 2010. The percentage varies slightly from year to year due to the mix of products sold. Equipment sales carry a smaller margin compared to spare parts sales.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$54,295 (1.3%) in fiscal 2011 from fiscal 2010, but decreased as a percentage of revenues to 20.4% from 21.9%. The increase in dollar amount was partially due to increases in payroll expenses and travel and entertainment expenses resulting from an increased sales staff. These increases were partially offset by reductions in professional fees, insurance and rent expenses, as the Company did not renew a lease for some under-utilized space. The improvement as a percentage of revenue was due to the increased level of sales enabling the Company to better absorb fixed and variable expenses.

Interest income increased by \$8,415 (63.7%), in fiscal 2011 from fiscal 2010 due to the increased investment by the Company in equipment leases and mortgages.

The Company's effective income tax rate increased to 38.1% in fiscal 2011 from 37.9% in fiscal 2010. The slight variation in percentage reflects changes in both permanent and temporary adjustments to taxable income.

Inflation

Inflation has not had a significant effect on the Company's operations during any of the reported periods.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Company leases 27,000 square feet of warehouse and office space from the Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust. The trustees of this trust are Sheila Steiner, her husband, William K. Steiner, and her son, Michael S. Steiner. Sheila Steiner, William K. Steiner, who is Chairman of the Board of Directors and a director of the Company, and Michael S. Steiner, who is President and a director of the Company, are trustees of another trust which is a principal shareholder of the Company. Michael Steiner, individually, is also a principal shareholder of the Company. Annual rental expense under this lease was approximately \$116,100 in fiscal 2011 and \$112,700 in fiscal 2010. The lease was for an original three year term which commenced on November 1, 2005, with two three-year renewal options in favor of the Company. The Company has exercised the second renewal option, extending the lease until October 31, 2014. The lease provides for annual rent increases commencing November 1, 2006 of 3% over the rent in the prior year. The Company bears the cost of real estate taxes, utilities, maintenance, non-structural repairs and insurance. The Company believes that the terms of the lease are comparable to terms that would be obtained from an unaffiliated third party for similar property in a similar locale.

In fiscal 2011 and 2010, the Company paid a law firm, in which a director is Senior Counsel, approximately \$44,300 and \$53,100, respectively, for legal services performed.



Critical Accounting Policies

Securities and Exchange Commission Financial Reporting Release No. 60 encourages all companies to include a discussion of critical accounting policies or methods used in the preparation of financial statements. Management believes the following critical accounting policies affect the significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates these estimates, including those related to allowances for doubtful accounts receivable, leases and mortgages, the carrying value of inventories and long-lived assets, the timing of revenue recognition for initial license and franchise fees from sales of franchise arrangements and continuing license and franchise service fees, as well as sales returns. Management bases these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the recognition of revenues and expenses and the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts and Notes Receivable

Products are generally shipped FOB from the Company's warehouse or drop shipped from the Company's Vendor FOB, at which time risk of loss and title passes to the purchaser. Revenue is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of the arrangement, delivery has occurred, the price is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. In some cases, the Company collects non-income related taxes, including sales and use tax, from its customers and remits those taxes to governmental authorities. The Company presents revenues net of these taxes. Shipping, delivery and handling fee income is included in revenues in the consolidated financial statements. Shipping, delivery and handling costs are included in cost of sales.

Commissions and development fees are recorded when earned, generally when the services are performed or the transaction is closed. Individual franchise arrangements include a license and provide for payment of initial fees, as well as continuing royalties.

Initial franchise fees are generally recorded upon the opening of the franchised store, which is evidenced by a certificate from the franchisee, indicating that the store has opened, and collectability is reasonably assured. Continuing royalties represent regular contractual payments received for the use of the "DRYCLEAN USA" marks, which are recognized as revenue when earned, generally on a straight line basis.

Accounts and trade notes receivable are customer obligations due under normal trade terms. The Company sells its products primarily to independent and franchise dry clean stores and chains, laundry plants, hotels, motels, cruise lines, hospitals, nursing homes, government institutions and distributors. The Company performs continuing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and, depending on the term of credit, the amount of the credit granted and management's past history with a customer, the Company may require the customer to grant a security interest in the purchased equipment as collateral for the receivable. Senior management reviews accounts and notes receivable on a regular basis to determine if any such amounts will potentially be uncollectible. The Company includes any balances that are determined to be uncollectible, along with a general reserve based on older aged amounts, in its overall allowance for doubtful accounts. After all attempts to collect a receivable have failed, the receivable is written off. Based on the information available to management, it believes the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts as of June 30, 2011 is adequate. However, actual write-offs might exceed the recorded allowance.

Franchise License Trademark and Other Intangible Assets

Franchise licenses, trademarks, patents and trade names are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Those assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated future periods to be benefited (10-15 years). Patents are amortized over the shorter of the patents' useful life or legal life from the date such patents are granted. The Company reviews the recoverability of intangible assets based primarily upon an analysis of undiscounted cash flows from the intangible assets. In the event the expected future net cash flows should become less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss will be recorded in the period the determination is made based on the fair value of the related assets.

Income Taxes

The Company follows Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 740, "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"). Under the asset and liability method of ASC 740, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributed to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax base. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under ASC 740, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. If it is more likely than not that some portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized.

Significant judgment is required in developing the Company's provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowances that might be required against the deferred tax assets. Management evaluates its ability to realize its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis and adjusts its valuation allowance when it believes that it is more likely that the asset will not be realized.

The Company follows the provisions of FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," which has been codified in ASC 740. ASC 740 contains a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company considers many factors when evaluating and estimating its tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments and which may not accurately anticipate actual outcomes. ASC 740 did not result in any adjustment to the Company's provision for income taxes.

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance:

In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2009-13, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) – Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements," which amends the revenue recognition for multiple-element arrangements and expands the disclosure requirements related to such arrangements. The new guidance amends the criteria for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements, establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, eliminates the residual method of allocation, and requires the application of relative selling price method in allocating the arrangement consideration to all deliverables. The Company adopted this accounting guidance beginning July 1, 2010. The adoption of this accounting guidance did not to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU No. 2010-06"). ASU No. 2010-06 amends ASC 820 and clarifies and provides additional disclosure requirements on the transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 (quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities) and Level 2 (significant other observable inputs) of the fair value measurement hierarchy, including the reasons for and the timing of the transfers. Additionally, the guidance requires a roll forward of activities on purchases, sales, issuance, and settlements of the assets and liabilities measured using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 fair value measurements). ASU No. 2010-06 became effective for the first interim or annual reporting period for the Company beginning on January 1, 2010, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 roll forward, which is required for annual reporting periods beginning for the Company on July 1, 2011 and for interim reporting periods thereafter. Early application is permitted and comparative disclosures are not required in the period of initial adoption. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-20, "Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Loss" ("ASU 2010-20"). ASU 2010-20 amends ASC Topic 310, "Receivables" to enhance disclosures about the credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for credit losses by requiring an entity to provide a greater level of disaggregated information and to disclose credit quality indicators, past due information, and modifications of its financing receivables. ASU 2010-20 is effective for interim or annual fiscal years for the Company beginning January 1, 2011. The Company's adoption of ASU 2010-20 did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks.

All of the Company's export sales require the customer to make payment in United States dollars. Foreign sales may be affected by the strength of the United States dollar relative to the currencies of the countries in which their customers and competitors are located, as well as the strength of the economies of the countries in which the Company's customers are located. The Company has, at times in the past, paid certain suppliers in Euros. The Company's bank revolving credit facility contains a \$250,000 foreign exchange subfacility for this purpose. The Company had no foreign exchange contracts outstanding at June 30, 2011 and 2010.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are maintained in bank accounts, including a bank money market account, and in a tax-free municipal money market fund, which bear interest at prevailing interest rates. Interest income increased by \$8,415 (63.7%) in fiscal 2011 from fiscal 2010 as a result of the increased investment by the Company in equipment leases and mortgages.

Item 8. <u>Financial Statements and Supplementary Data</u>.

EnviroStar, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Index to Consolidated Financial Statements

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	18
Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2011 and 2010	19
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010	20
Consolidated Statements of Shareholder's Equity for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010	21
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010	22
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	23

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders of EnviroStar, Inc. and Subsidiaries: Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of EnviroStar, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company was not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of EnviroStar, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 and the consolidated results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Mallah Furman

Fort Lauderdale, Florida September 22, 2011

EnviroStar, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

	2011	2010
June 30,		
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,907,020	\$6,061,378
Accounts and trade notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$165,000 and	<i> </i>	4 - , , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
\$180,000, respectively	1,227,491	1,185,039
Inventories, net	2,290,904	1,823,059
Leases and mortgages receivable, net	68,740	63,229
Deferred income taxes	124,431	148,718
Other current assets	59,028	70,189
Total current assets	10,677,614	9,351,612
	10,077,014	9,551,012
Leases and mortgages receivable – due after one year	33,969	50,393
Equipment and improvements, net	156,792	174,848
Even shine licence, the demonts and other inter sittle courts and	70.270	02 720
Franchise license, trademarks and other intangible assets, net	79,279	93,739
Deferred income taxes	47,847	59,942
Total assets	\$10,995,501	\$9,730,534
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		• • • • • • • • •
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,021,054	\$ 813,046
Accrued employee expenses	621,482	599,475
Income taxes payable	47,547	6,096
Customer deposits	1,168,755	779,027
Total current liabilities	2,858,838	2,197,644
Total liabilities	2,858,838	2,197,644
Commitments and contingencies	-	-
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value:		
Authorized shares – 200,000; none		
issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.025 par value:		
Authorized shares – 15,000,000; 7,065,500,		
shares issued, including shares held in treasury	176,638	176,638
Additional paid-in capital	2,095,069	2,095,069
Retained earnings	5,868,894	5,265,121
Treasury stock, 31,768 shares, at cost	(3,938)	(3,938)
Total shareholders' equity	8,136,663	7,532,890

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended June 30,	2011		2010
Revenues:			
Net sales	\$20,963,87	6 \$1	9,266,533
Development fees, franchise and license fees, commission income and other revenue	361,85	51	358,671
Total	21,325,72	2 7 1	9,625,204
Cost of solar cost	16 015 00	1	4 ((0, 1 ()
Cost of sales, net	16,015,89		4,669,163
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4,356,35	8	4,302,063
			0.051.00(
Total	20,372,25	0 1	8,971,226
Operating income	953,47	7	653,978
Other income and expense:			
Interest income	21,62	28	13,213
Earnings before provision for income taxes	975,10)5	667,191
Provision for income taxes	371,33	32	253,125
Net earnings	\$ 603,77	3 \$	414,066
Net earnings per share – basic and diluted	\$.(9 \$.06
Weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding	7 022 7	20	7 022 722
Weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding	7,033,73	12	7,033,732

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

	Commo	n Stock	Additional Paid-in	Treasury	, Stock	Retained	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Shares	Cost	Earnings	Total
	2.1.4. 05	11.110 11.11	Cupitat	2.10.105	0057	2480	1000
Balance at June							
30, 2009	7,065,500	\$176,638	\$2,095,069	31,768	\$(3,938)	\$4,851,055	\$7,118,824
Net earnings	-	-	-	-	-	414,066	414,066
Balance at June 30, 2010	7,065,500	176,638	2,095,069	31,768	(3,938)	5,265,121	7,532,890
Net earnings	-	-	-	-	-	603,773	603,773
Balance at June 30, 2011	7,065,500	\$176,638	\$2,095,069	31,768	\$(3,938)	\$5,868,894	\$8,136,663

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30,	2011	2010
Operating activities:	ф. сод 77 2	ф <u>414.0</u> сс
Net income	\$ 603,773	\$ 414,066
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash and cash equivalents		
provided (used) by operating activities:	FF 0 FA	75.054
Depreciation and amortization	55,872	75,054
Bad debt expense	10,511	(22,894)
Inventory reserve	(50,988)	3,256
Provision for deferred income taxes	36,382	25,809
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Accounts and trade notes receivables	(52,964)	(225,931)
Inventories	(416,857)	1,176,113
Leases and mortgages receivable	10,913	(113,622)
Refundable income taxes	-	51,220
Other current assets	11,161	105,472
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	208,008	99,385
Accrued employee expenses	22,007	92,765
Income taxes payable	41,451	6,096
Customer deposits	389,728	(1,068,795)
Net cash provided by operating activities	868,997	617,994
Investing activities:		
Net capital expenditures	(23,355)	(17,570)
Net cash used by investing activities	(23,355)	(17,570)
Net easil used by investing activities	(23,333)	(17,370)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	845,642	600,424
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6,061,378	5,460,954
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$6,907,020	\$ 6,061,378
Supplemental Information:		
	¢ 202 500	¢ 1.00.000
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 293,500	\$ 160,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business EnviroStar, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") sell commercial and industrial laundry and dry cleaning equipment, boilers and replacement parts. The Company also sells individual and area franchises under the DRYCLEAN USA name and develops new turn-key dry cleaning establishments for resale to third parties.

The Company primarily sells to customers located in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin America.

Effective December 1, 2009, the Company changed its name from "DRYCLEAN USA, Inc." to "EnviroStar, Inc."

Principles of
ConsolidationThe accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of EnviroStar, Inc. and its
wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in
consolidation.

Recognition Products are generally shipped FOB from the Company's warehouse or drop shipped from the Company's Vendor FOB, at which time risk of loss and title passes to the purchaser. Revenue is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of the arrangement, delivery has occurred, the price is fixed and determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. In some cases, the Company collects non-income related taxes, including sales and use tax, from its customers and remits those taxes to governmental authorities. The Company presents revenues net of these taxes. Shipping, delivery and handling fee income of approximately \$720,000 and \$680,000 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, is included in revenues in the consolidated financial statements. Shipping, delivery and handling costs are included in cost of sales.

Individual franchise arrangements include a license and provide for payment of initial fees, as well as continuing royalties. Initial franchise fees are generally recorded upon the opening of the franchised store, which is evidenced by a certificate from the franchisee, indicating that the store has opened, and collectability is reasonably assured. Continuing royalties represent regular contractual payments received for the use of the "DRYCLEAN USA" marks, which are recognized as revenue when earned, generally on a straight line basis. Royalty fees recognized during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were approximately \$145,000 and \$128,000, respectively.

Commissions and development fees are recorded when earned, generally when the services are performed or the transaction is closed.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Accounts and Trade Notes Receivable	Accounts and trade notes receivable are customer obligations due under normal trade terms. The Company sells its products primarily to independent and franchise dry cleaning stores and chains, laundry plants, hotels, motels, cruise lines, hospitals, nursing homes, government institutions and distributors. The Company performs continuing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and, depending on the terms of credit, the amount of the credit granted and management's history with a customer, the Company may require the customer to grant a security interest in the purchased equipment as collateral for the receivable. Senior management reviews accounts and notes receivable on a regular basis to determine if any amounts will potentially be uncollectible. The Company includes any balances that are determined to be uncollectible, along with a general reserve, in its overall allowance for doubtful accounts. After all attempts to collect a receivable have failed, the receivable is written off. Based on the information available, as of June 30, 2011, management decreased the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts to \$165,000, a decrease of \$15,000 from June 30, 2010. However, actual write-offs might vary from the recorded allowance.
Leases and Mortgages Receivable	The Company sells products to certain customers under lease and mortgage arrangements for terms typically ranging from one to five years. The Company accounts for these sales-type leases according to the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, "Leases," and, accordingly, recognizes current and long-term leases and mortgages receivable, net of unearned income, on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The present value of all payments is recorded as sales and the related cost of the equipment is charged to cost of sales. The associated interest is recorded over the term of the lease or mortgage using the effective interest method.
Inventories	Inventories consist principally of equipment and spare parts. Equipment is valued at the lower of cost, determined on the specific identification method, or market. Spare parts are valued at the lower of average cost or market.
Equipment, Improvements and Depreciation	Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are calculated on accelerated and straight-line methods over lives of five to seven years for furniture and equipment and the lesser of ten years or the life of the lease for leasehold improvements for financial reporting purposes, except that leasehold improvements are amortized over 39 years for income tax purposes. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.
Franchise License, Trademark and Other Intangible Assets	The Company follows ASC Topic 350, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other" ("ASC 350"), which requires that finite-lived intangibles be amortized over their estimated useful life while indefinite-lived intangibles and goodwill are not amortized. Franchise license, trademark, and other finite-lived intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization, and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated future periods to be benefited (10-15 years). Patents are amortized over the shorter of the patent's useful life or legal life from the date the patent is granted.

Asset Impairments	ASC Topic 360, "Property, Plant, and Equipment" ("ASC 360") and ASC 350 require the Company to periodically review the carrying amounts of its long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment and certain identifiable intangible assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less estimated costs to sell. The Company has concluded that there was no impairment of long-lived assets in fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010.
Cash Equivalents	Cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.
Estimates	The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and

- generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- **Earnings Per Share** Basic earnings per share are computed on the basis of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each year. Diluted earnings per share are computed on the basis of the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive securities outstanding during each year. The Company had no dilutive securities outstanding during fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010.
- Advertising Costs The Company expenses the cost of advertising as of the first date an advertisement is run. The Company expensed approximately \$64,000 and \$83,000 of advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- Fair Value ofThe Company's financial instruments consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and
trade notes receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses. Due to their relatively short-term
nature or variable rates, the carrying amounts of those financial instruments, as reflected in the
accompanying consolidated balance sheets, approximate their estimated fair value. Their estimated
fair value is not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize from those assets in
a current market exchange or of future earnings or cash flows.
- **Customer Deposits** Customer deposits represent advances paid by certain customers when placing orders for equipment with the Company. These deposits are generally non-refundable.
- Income Taxes The Company follows ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"). Under the asset and liability method of ASC 740, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributed to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under ASC 740, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. If it is more likely than not that some

portion of a deferred tax asset will not be realized, a valuation allowance is recognized.

Significant judgment is required in developing the Company's provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowances that might be required against the deferred tax assets. Management evaluates its ability to realize its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis and adjusts its valuation allowance when it believes that it is more likely than not that the asset will not be realized. There were no valuation allowances during fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010.

The Company follows the provisions of FASB Interpretation (FIN) No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes–an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," which has been codified in ASC 740. ASC 740 contains a two-step approach to recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position for recognition by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount which is more than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company considers many factors when evaluating and estimating its tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments and which may not accurately anticipate actual outcomes. ASC 740 did not result in any adjustment to the Company's provision for income taxes.

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance In October 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2009-13, "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605) – Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements," which amends the revenue recognition for multiple-element arrangements and expands the disclosure requirements related to such arrangements. The new guidance amends the criteria for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements, establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, eliminates the residual method of allocation, and requires the application of relative selling price method in allocating the arrangement consideration to all deliverables. The Company adopted this accounting guidance beginning July 1, 2010. The adoption of this accounting guidance did not to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU No. 2010-06"). ASU No. 2010-06 amends ASC 820 and clarifies and provides additional disclosure requirements on the transfers of assets and liabilities between Level 1 (quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities) and Level 2 (significant other observable inputs) of the fair value measurement hierarchy, including the reasons for and the timing of the transfers. Additionally, the guidance requires a roll forward of activities on purchases, sales, issuance, and settlements of the assets and liabilities measured using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 fair value measurements). ASU No. 2010-06 became effective for the first interim or annual reporting period for the Company beginning on January 1, 2010, except for the gross presentation of the Level 3 roll forward, which is required for annual reporting periods beginning for the Company on July 1, 2011 and for interim reporting periods thereafter. Early application is permitted and comparative disclosures are not required in the period of initial adoption. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

In July 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-20, "Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Loss" ("ASU 2010-20"). ASU 2010-20 amends ASC Topic 310, "Receivables" to enhance disclosures about the credit quality of financing receivables and the allowance for credit losses by requiring an entity to provide a greater level of disaggregated information and to disclose credit quality indicators, past due information, and modifications of its financing receivables. ASU 2010-20 is effective for the Company for interim and annual fiscal periods beginning January 1, 2011. The Company's adoption of ASU 2010-20 did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

2. Inventories Inventories are comprised of:

June 30,	2011	2010
Equipment	\$ 1,403,654	\$ 1,051,966
Parts	958,221	894,943
	2,361,875	1,946,909
Less reserve	(70,971)	(123,850)
	\$ 2,290,904	\$ 1,823,059

The Company has established reserves of \$70,971 and \$123,850 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, against slow moving inventory. For the year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Company wrote-down approximately \$4,400 and \$9,600, respectively, in slow moving inventory.

3. Equipment and Improvements

Major classes of equipment and improvements consist of the following:

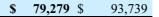
June 30,	2011	2010	
Furniture and			
equipment	\$ 463,543	\$ 461,616	
Leasehold			
improvements	375,012	355,483	
	838,555	817,099	
Less			
accumulated			
depreciation and			
amortization	(681,763)	(642,251)	
	\$ 156,792	\$ 174,848	

Depreciation and amortization of equipment and improvements amounted to \$39,512 and \$51,974 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

4. Intangible Assets

Assets Franchise license, trademarks and other intangible assets consist of the following:

	Estimated Useful Lives (in years)	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Franchise			
license			
agreements	10	\$ 529,500 \$	\$ 529,500
Trademarks,			
patents and			
Tradenames	10-15	230,129	228,229
		759,629	757,729
Less			
accumulated			
amortization		(680,350)	(663,990)



Amortization expense was \$16,360 in fiscal 2011 and \$23,080 in fiscal 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 5. Leases and Mortgages Receivable
 Receivable
 Leases and mortgages receivable result from customer leases of equipment under arrangements which qualify as sales type leases. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, future lease payments, net of deferred interest (\$14,100 and \$13,679 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively), due under these leases was \$102,709 and \$113,622, respectively.
- 6. Income Taxes

The following are the components of income taxes:

2011	2010
\$285,994	\$194,092
48,956	33,224
334,950	227,316
31,064	22,037
5,318	3,772
36,382	25,809
\$371,332	\$253,125
	\$285,994 48,956 334,950 31,064 5,318 36,382

The reconciliation of income tax expense computed at the Federal statutory tax rate of 34% to the provision for income taxes is as follows:

Years ended June		
30,	2011	2010
Tax at the		
statutory rate	\$331,536	\$226,845
State income		
taxes,		
net of federal		
benefit	35,396	24,219
Other	4,400	2,061
	\$371,332	\$253,125
Effective tax rate	38.1%	37.9%

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the bases used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's current and noncurrent deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

Years ended June		
30,	2011	2010
Current deferred tax		
asset:		
Allowance for		
doubtful accounts	\$ 62,090	\$ 67,734
Inventory		
capitalization	35,634	35,090
Inventory		
reserves	26,707	45,894
	124,431	148,718
Noncurrent deferred		
tax asset:		

Equipment and

improvements	5,035	3,270
Franchise,		
trademarks and other		
intangible assets	42,812	56,672
	47,847	59,942
Total net deferred		
income tax asset	\$172,278	\$208,660

As of June 30, 2011, the Company was subject to potential Federal and State tax examinations for the tax years 2007 through 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

- 7. Credit Agreement and Term Loan The Company is a party to a bank loan agreement which provides the Company with a revolving credit facility of \$2,250,000, including a \$1,000,000 letter of credit subfacility and \$250,000 foreign exchange subfacility. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility bear interest at 2.50% per annum above the Adjusted LIBOR Market Index Rate, are guaranteed by all of the Company's subsidiaries and are collateralized by substantially all of the Company's and its subsidiaries' assets. The revolving credit facility matures October 30, 2011. During fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, there were no borrowings, letters of credit or foreign exchange contracts outstanding under the line of credit. The loan agreement requires maintenance of certain debt service coverage and leverage ratios and contains other restrictive covenants, including limitations on the extent to which the Company and its subsidiaries may incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends, guarantee indebtedness of others, grant liens, sell assets and make investments. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at June 30, 2011 and 2010.
- 8. Related Party Transactions The Company leases warehouse and office space under an operating lease from the Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust. The trustees of this trust are Sheila Steiner, her husband, William K. Steiner, and her son, Michael S. Steiner. Sheila Steiner, William K. Steiner, who is Chairman of the Board of Directors and a director of the Company, and Michael S. Steiner, who is President and a director of the Company, are trustees of another trust which is a principal shareholder of the Company. Michael Steiner, individually, is also a principal shareholder of the Company.

The lease was for an original three year term which commenced on November 1, 2005, with two threeyear renewal options in favor of the Company. The Company has exercised the second renewal option, extending the lease until October 31, 2014. The lease provides for annual rent increases commencing November 1, 2006 of 3% over the rent in the prior year. The Company bears the cost of real estate taxes, utilities, maintenance, non-structural repairs and insurance. The Company believes that the terms of the lease are comparable to terms that would be obtained from an unaffiliated third party for similar property in a similar locale. Annual rental expense under this lease was approximately \$116,100 in fiscal 2011 and \$112,700 in fiscal 2010.

The Company paid a law firm, in which a director is Senior Counsel, approximately \$44,300 and \$53,100 in fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively, for legal services performed.

9. Concentrations of Credit Risk Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and trade receivables and leases and mortgages receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents, including a money market account, at a large bank and a tax-free municipal money market fund at a large brokerage firm. At times, the bank deposits may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the brokerage account may exceed Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) limits. In addition to SIPC protection, the broker also maintains excess SIPC insurance with a large and reputable insurance carrier. Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to a large customer base. Also, based on the Company's credit evaluation, trade receivables are often collateralized by the equipment sold. **10. Commitments** In addition to the warehouse and office space leased from the Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust (see Note 8), the Company leases an additional warehouse facility from an unrelated third party under an operating lease expiring in December 2014. Minimum future rental commitments for both leases approximate the following:

Years ending June 30),
2012	\$ 164,500
2013	170,300
2014	174,000
2015	66,200
2016	-
Total	\$ 575,000

Rent expense under all leases aggregated approximately \$163,700 and \$188,000 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had no outstanding letters of credit.

The Company, through its manufacturers, provides parts warranties for products sold. These warranties are the responsibility of the manufacturer. As such, warranty related expenses are insignificant to the consolidated financial statements.

- **11. Retirement Plan** The Company has a participatory deferred compensation plan under which it matches employee contributions up to 2% of an eligible employee's yearly compensation. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan after one year of service. The Company contributed approximately \$14,200 and \$15,600 to the Plan during fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively. The plan is qualified under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 12. Stock Options The Company's 2000 Stock Option Plan was the Company's only stock-based compensation plans in effect during fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010. No options were granted under the plan in fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010 and no options were outstanding under the plan at June 30, 2011 and 2010. The 2000 Stock Option Plan expired on May 15, 2010 with no outstanding options.
- **13. Segment Information** The Company's reportable segments are strategic businesses that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Steiner-Atlantic Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp., a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company, comprise the commercial and industrial laundry and dry cleaning equipment and boiler segment. Steiner-Atlantic Corp. sells commercial and industrial laundry and dry cleaning equipment and steam boilers to customers in the United States, the Caribbean and Latin American markets. DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp. enters into leases for resale to third parties for future dry cleaning stores.

DRYCLEAN USA License Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, comprises the license and franchise operations segment.

The Company primarily evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on the categories noted in the table below. The Company has no sales between segments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

D' ' 1 ' C ''	C 1 C		
Einancial information	tor the Comnany	's husiness s	segments is as follows:
i maneiar miormation	i toi the Company	s ousiness s	beginemes is as follows.

		•		
Year ended				
June 30,		2011		2010
Devenuegi				
Revenues: Commercial				
and industrial				
laundry and				
dry cleaning				
equipment and boilers		21,179,160	¢	10 /07 525
License and	φ	21,179,100	φ	19,497,525
franchise				
operations		146,567		127,679
	•		¢	
Total revenues	3	21,325,727	\$	19,625,204
- ·				
Operating				
income (loss):				
Commercial				
and industrial				
laundry and				
dry cleaning				
equipment and		1 1 (= 2 (=	¢	046.015
boilers	\$	1,165,367	\$	846,815
License and				
franchise		06 292		121 000
operations		96,383		131,990
Corporate		(308,273)		(324,827)
Total operating				
income	\$	953,477	\$	653,978
Identifiable				
assets:				
Commercial				
and industrial				
laundry and				
dry cleaning				
equipment and		10 000 -1-	¢	0.100.055
boilers	\$	10,293,717	\$	9,108,375
License and				
franchise				100 100
operations		522,012		408,462
Corporate		179,772		213,697
Total assets	\$	10,995,501	\$	9,730,534

For the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, export revenues, principally to the Caribbean and Latin America, aggregated approximately \$4,739,000 and \$4,650,000, respectively, of which approximately \$4,629,000 and \$4,548,000, respectively, related to the commercial and industrial laundry, dry cleaning equipment and boiler segment. All such sales are denominated in U.S. Dollars and, accordingly, the Company is not exposed to risks of foreign currency fluctuations as a result of such sales.

No customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenues in either fiscal 2011 or fiscal 2010.

Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on

Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Not applicable.

Item 9A. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, management of the Company, with the participation of the Company's principal executive officer and the Company's principal financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures." As defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), "disclosure controls and procedures" means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Based on that evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal officer concluded that, as of the date of their evaluation, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including those officers, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. It should be noted that a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company's periodic reports.

Report of Management on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. As defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act, "internal control over financial reporting" means a process designed by, or under the supervision of, a company's principal executive and principal financial officers, and effected by the company's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance, based on an appropriate costbenefit analysis, to the company's management and Board of Directors regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets of the company's financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the company's management and directors; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of the unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the company's financial statements.

Because of inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, the projection of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods is subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

The Company' management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2011. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO) of the Treadway Commission in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework*. Based on its assessment, the Company's management concluded that, as of June 30, 2011, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria.



An attestation report of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting is not required to be contained in this Report.

Changes in Internal Control

During the period covered by this Report, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information called for by this Item will be contained in the Company's definitive Proxy Statement with respect to the Company's 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference to such information.

Item 11. <u>Executive Compensation</u>.

The information called for by this Item will be contained in the Company's definitive Proxy Statement with respect to the Company's 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference to such information.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information called for by this Item will be contained in the Company's definitive Proxy Statement with respect to the Company's 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference to such information.

Item 13. <u>Principal Accountant Fees and Services</u>.

The information called for by this Item will be contained in the Company's definitive Proxy Statement with respect to the Company's 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference to such information.

Item 14. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

Exhibit No. Description

- 3(a)(1) Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on June 30, 1963. (Exhibit 3.1(a) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(2) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on March 27, 1968. (Exhibit 3.1(b) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(3) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 4, 1983. (Exhibit 3.1(c) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(4) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 5, 1986. (Exhibit 3.1(d) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)

- 3(a)(5) Certificate of Change of Location of Registered Office and of Agent, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 31, 1986. (Exhibit 3.1(e) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(6) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on October 30, 1998. (Exhibit 3.1(f) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 30, 1998, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(7) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 5, 1999. (Exhibit 3.1(g) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(8) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 13, 2009. (Exhibit 3.1(h) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(b) By-Laws of the Company, as amended. (Exhibit 3(b) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(A) Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2001, from the Company in favor of Wachovia Bank, National Association, formerly named First Union National Bank ("Wachovia"). (Exhibit 4.1(a) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(B) Letter, dated September 23, 2002, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4(a)(1)(B) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2002, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(C) Letter, dated October 11, 2002, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(D) Letter, dated October 22, 2003, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2003. File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(E) Letter, dated October 28, 2004, between the Company and Wachovia, extending the Company's revolving credit facility. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 28, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(F) Letter, dated October 28, 2004, between the Company and Wachovia, eliminating the borrowing base restriction on borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 28, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)

- 4(a)(1)(G) Letter, dated as of October 30, 2005, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 31, 2005, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(H) Letter, dated as of October 30, 2005, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 31, 2005, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(l)(I) Letter, dated as of October 16, 2006, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 23, 2006, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(J) Letter, dated as of October 18, 2007, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 22, 2007, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(K) Letter, dated October 10, 2008, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) September 29, 2008, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(L) Letter, dated October 27, 2009, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 3, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(M) Letter, dated October 29, 2010, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 2, 2010, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(2) Revolving Credit Note, dated as of December 19, 2001, from the Company in favor of Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.1(c) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(3) Guaranty and Security Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2001, from Steiner-Atlantic Corp., Steiner-Atlantic Brokerage Company, DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp. and DRYCLEAN USA License Corp., subsidiaries of the Company, in favor of Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.1(d) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
- *10(a)(1) Commercial lease dated September 9, 2005 between Steiner Atlantic Corp. and William K. Steiner with respect to Steiner's facilities located at 290 NE 68 Street, 297 NE 67 Street and 277 NE 67 Street, Miami, Florida.
- *10(a)(2) Letter, dated as of September 29, 2008, from the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Steiner-Atlantic Corp., to Sheila Steiner and William Steiner exercising an option to extend lease.
- *10(a)(3) Letter, dated as of September 23, 2011, from the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Steiner-Atlantic Corp., to Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust exercising an option to extend lease.
- 14 Code of Ethics for Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officers. (Exhibit 14 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 20, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)

- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company. (Exhibit 21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
- *31(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- *31(b) Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- *32(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- *32(b) Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

^{*} Filed with this Report. All other exhibits are incorporated herein by reference to the filing indicated in the parenthetical reference following the exhibit description.

³⁷

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

EnviroStar, Inc.

Dated: September 26, 2011

By: /s/ Michael S. Steiner Michael S. Steiner President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Capacity	Date
/s/ Michael S. Steiner Michael S. Steiner	President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ Venerando J. Indelicato Venerando J. Indelicato	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) and Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ David Blyer David Blyer	Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ Lloyd Frank Lloyd Frank	Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ Alan M. Grunspan Alan M. Grunspan	Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ William K. Steiner William K. Steiner	Director	September 26, 2011
/s/ Stuart Wagner Stuart Wagner	Director	September 26, 2011

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

- 3(a)(1) Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on June 30, 1963. (Exhibit 3.1(a) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(2) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on March 27, 1968. (Exhibit 3.1(b) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(3) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 4, 1983. (Exhibit 3.1(c) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(4) Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 5, 1986. (Exhibit 3.1(d) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(5) Certificate of Change of Location of Registered Office and of Agent, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 31, 1986. (Exhibit 3.1(e) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(6) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on October 30, 1998. (Exhibit 3.1(f) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(7) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 5, 1999. (Exhibit 3.1(g) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(a)(8) Certificate of Amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 13, 2009. (Exhibit 3.1(h) to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (date of earliest event reported) November 13, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 3(b) By-Laws of the Company, as amended. (Exhibit 3(b) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2010, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(A) Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2001, from the Company in favor of Wachovia Bank, National Association, formerly named First Union National Bank ("Wachovia"). (Exhibit 4.1(a) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)

- 4(a)(1)(B) Letter, dated September 23, 2002, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4(a)(1)(B) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2002, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(C) Letter, dated October 11, 2002, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2002, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(D) Letter, dated October 22, 2003, between the Company and Wachovia (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended September 30, 2003. File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(E) Letter, dated October 28, 2004, between the Company and Wachovia, extending the Company's revolving credit facility. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 28, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(F) Letter, dated October 28, 2004, between the Company and Wachovia, eliminating the borrowing base restriction on borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 28, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(G) Letter, dated as of October 30, 2005, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 31, 2005, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(H) Letter, dated as of October 30, 2005, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 31, 2005, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(l)(I) Letter, dated as of October 16, 2006, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 23, 2006, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(J) Letter, dated as of October 18, 2007, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.02 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) October 22, 2007, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(K) Letter, dated October 10, 2008, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) September 29, 2008, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(L) Letter, dated October 27, 2009, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 3, 2009, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(1)(M) Letter, dated October 29, 2010, from Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.01 to the Company Current Report on Form 8-K dated (date of earliest event reported) November 2, 2010, File No. 001-14757.)
- 4(a)(2) Revolving Credit Note, dated as of December 19, 2001, from the Company in favor of Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.1(c) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
 - 40

4(a)(3)	Guaranty and Security Agreement, dated as of December 19, 2001, from Steiner-Atlantic Corp., Steiner-Atlantic
	Brokerage Company, DRYCLEAN USA Development Corp. and DRYCLEAN USA License Corp., subsidiaries of
	the Company, in favor of Wachovia. (Exhibit 4.1(d) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the
	quarter ended December 31, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)

- *10(a)(1) Commercial lease dated September 9, 2005 between Steiner Atlantic Corp. and William K. Steiner with respect to Steiner's facilities located at 290 NE 68 Street, 297 NE 67 Street and 277 NE 67 Street, Miami, Florida.
- *10(a)(2) Letter, dated as of September 29, 2008, from the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Steiner-Atlantic Corp., to Sheila Steiner and William Steiner exercising an option to extend lease.
- *10(a)(3) Letter, dated as of September 23, 2011, from the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Steiner-Atlantic Corp., to Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust exercising an option to extend lease.
- 14 Code of Ethics for Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officers. (Exhibit 14 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 20, 2004, File No. 001-14757.)
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company. (Exhibit 21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2001, File No. 001-14757.)
- <u>*31(a)</u> <u>Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 promulgated</u> <u>under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>
- <u>*31(b)</u> <u>Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 promulgated</u> <u>under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>
- *32(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- *32(b) Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

^{*} Filed with this Report. All other exhibits are incorporated herein by reference to the filing indicated in the parenthetical reference following the exhibit description.

1

Commercial Lease

This lease is made between WILLIAM of 2600 ISLAND BLVD., #20	K. STEINER 06, AVENTURA, FL 33160, hereir called Lessor, and
STEINER-ATLANTIC CORP.	of 290 NE 68TH STREET,
MIAMI, FL 33138	herein called Lessee. Lessee hereby offers to lease from Lessor the
premises situated in the City of <u>MIAMI</u>	County of MIAMI-DADE
State of FLORIDA	described as 290 NE 68TH STREET, 297 NE 67 STREET
277 NE 67 STREET, MIAMI,	FL 33138-COMPRISING 3 CONTIGUOUS WAREHOUSES.

upon the following TERMS and CONDITIONS:

1. Term and Rent. Lessor demises the above premises for a term of <u>3</u> years, commencing <u>NOVEMBER 1</u> ______2005, and terminating on <u>OCTOBER 31</u>, 2008, or scorer as provided herein at the annual rental of <u>\$94,500.00</u> Drillars (<u>\$94,500.00</u>) payable in equal installments in advance on the first day of cach month for that month's rental, during the term of this lease. All rental payments shall be made to Lessor, at the address specified above., PLUS APPLICABLE SALES TAX.

2. Use. Lessee shall use and occupy the premises for <u>WAREHOUSE AND OFFICES</u>. The premises shall be used for no other purpose. Lesser represents that the premises may lawfully be used for such purpose. Lessee shall not use the premises for the purposes of storing, manufacturing or selling any explosives. Ilaminables, or other inherently dangerous substance, chemical, thing, or device.

3. Care and Maintenance of Premises. Lessee acknowledges that the premises are in good order and repair, unless otherwise indicated herein. Lessee shall, at his own expense and at all times, maintain the premises in good and safe condition, including plate glass, electrical wiring, plumbing and heating installations and any other system or equipment upon the premises and shall surrender the same, at termination hereof, in as good condition as received, normal wear and tear excepted. Lessee shall be responsible for all repairs required, AMADING THE MARKAGEN WARK STREAM FOR CONSISTENT CONS

With stalling their and structure shall also maintain in good condition such portions adjacent to the premises, such as sidewalks, driveways, lawns and shrubbery, which would otherwise be required to be maintained by Lesson.

4. Alterations. Lessee shall not, without first obtaining the written consent of Lesso; make any alterations, additions, or improvements, in, to or about the premises.

5. Ordinances and Statutes. Lessee shall comply with all statutes, ordinances and requirements of all municipal, state and federal authorities now in force, or which may hereafter be in force, pertaining to the premises, occasioned by or affecting the use thereo' by Lessee.

6. Assignment and Subletting. Lessee shall not assign this lease or sublet any portion of the premises without prior written consent of the Lessor, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. Any such assignment or subletting without consent shall be void and, at the option of the Lessor, may terminate this lease.

7. Utilities. All applications and connections for necessary utility services on the demised premises shall be made in the name of lessee only, and Lessee shall be solely liable for utility charges as they become due, including those for server, water, gas, electricity, and telephone services. In the event that any utility or service provided to the premises is not separately metered, Lessor shall pay the amount due and separately invoice Lessee for Lessee's pro-rata share of the charges. Tomant shall pay such amounts within fifteen (15) days of invoice. Lessee acknowledges that the leased premises are designed to provide standard office use electrical facilities and standard office lighting. Lessee shall not use any equipment or devices that utilize excessive electrical energy or that may, in Lessor's reasonable opinion, overload the wiring or interfere with electrical services to other tenants. 8. Entry and Inspection. Lossee shall permit Lessor or Lessor's agents to enter upon the premises at reasonable times and upon reasonable notice, for the purpose of inspecting the same, and will permit Lessor at any time within sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of this lease, to place upon the premises any usual "To Let" or "for Lease" signs, and permit persors desiring to

www.soctates.com

≢/ 2004, Seconds Model, [LC LC' 40 + Rev. 04/04 lease the same to inspect the premises thereafter.

new socrates our

9. Parking. During the term of this rease, Lessee shall have the nonexclusive use in common with Lessor, other tenants of the building, their guests and invitees, of the nonreserved common automobile parking areas, driveways, and foot ways, subject to rules and regulations for the use thereof as prescribed from time to time by Lessor. Lessor reserves the right to designate parking areas within the building or in a reasonable proximity thereto, for Lessee and Lessee's agents and employees. Lessee shall provide Lessor with a list of all license numbers for the cars owned by Lessee, its agents and employees. Separated structured parking, if any, located about the building is reserved for Lessees of the building who rent such parking spaces. Lessee hereby leases from Lessor <u>N/A</u> spaces in such a structural parking area, such spaces to be on a first-come first-served basis. In consideration of the leasing to Lessee of such spaces, Lessee shall pay a monthly rental <u>N/A</u> polars (\$<u>N/A</u>] per space throughout the term of the lease. Such rent shall be due and payable each month without

demand at the time herein set for the payment of other monthly rentals, in addition to such other rentals. **10. Possession**. If Lesson is unable to deliver possession of the premises at the commencement hereof, Lesson shall not be liable for any damage caused thereby, nor shall this lease be void or voidable, but Lessee shall not be liable for any rent until possession is delivered. Lessee may terminate this lease if possession is not delivered within <u>10</u> days of the commence-

ment of the term hereof. **11. Indemnification of Lessor.** To the extent of the law, Lessor shall not be liable for any damage or injury to Lessee, or any other person, or to any property, occurring or the demised premises or any part thereof. Lessee agrees to indemnify and hold Lessor hamless from any claims for damages which arise in connection with any such occurence. Said indemnification shall include indemnity from any costs or fee which Lessor may incur in defending said claim.

12. Insurance. Lessee, at his expense, shall maintain plate glass and public liability insurance including bodily injury and property damage insuring Lessee and Lessor with minimum coverage as follows:

Lessee shall provide Lessor with a Certificate of Insurance showing Lessor as additional insured. The Certificate shall provide for a ten-day written notice to Lessor in the event of cancellation or material change of coverage. To the maximum extent permitted by insurance policies which may be owned by Lessor or Lessee, Lessee and Lessor, for the benefit of each other, waive any and all rights of sub rogation which might otherwise exist.

If the leased premises or any other part of the building is damaged by fire or other casualty resulting from any act of negligence of Lessee or any of Lessee's agents, employees or invitees, rent shall not be diminished or abated while such damages are under repair, and Lessee shall be responsible for the costs of repair not covered by insurance.

13. Eminent Domain. If the premises or any part thereof or any estate therein, or any other part of the building materially affecting Lessee's use of the premises, shall be taken by eminent domain, this lease shall terminate on the date when title vests pursuant to such taking. The rent, and any additional rent, shall be apportioned as of the termination date, and any rent paid for any period beyond that date shall be repaid to Lessee. Lessee shall not be entitled to any part of the award for such taking or any payment in lieu thereof, but Lessee may file a claim for any taking of fixtures and improvements owned by Lessee, and for moving expenses.

14. Destruction of Premises. In the event of a partial destruction of the premises during the term hereof, from any cause, Lessor shall forthwith repair the same, provided that such repairs can be made within sixty (60) days under existing governmental laws and regulations, but such partial destruction shall not term nate this lease, except that Lessee shall be entitled to a proportionate reduction of rent while such repairs are being made, based upon the extent to which the making of such repairs shall interfere with the business of Lessee on the premises. If such repairs cannot be made within said sixty (60) days, Lessor, at his option, may make the same within a reasonable time, this lease continuing in effect with the rent proportionately abated as aforesaid, and in the event that Lessor shall not elect to make such repairs swhich cannot be made within sixty (60) coys, this lease may be terminated at the option of either party. In the event that the building in which the demised premises may be situated is destroyed to an extent of not less than one-third of the replacement costs thereof. Lessor may elect to terminate this lease whether the demised premises per injured or not. A total destruction of the building in which the premises may be situated shall terminate this lease.

15. Lesson's Remedies on Default. If Lessee defaults in the payment of rent, or any additional rent, or defaults in the performance of any of the other covenants or conditions hereof, Lesson may give Lessee notice of such default and if Lessee does not cure any such default within <u>10</u> days, after the giving of such notice (or if such other default is of such nature that it cannot be completely cured within such period, if Lessee does not commence such curing within such <u>10</u> days and thareafter proceed with reasonable diligence and in good faith to cure such default), then Lessor may terminate this lease on not less than <u>30</u> days' notice to Lessee. On the date specified in such notice the term of this lease shall terminate, and Lessee shall then quit and sumender the premises to Lessor, without extinguishing Lessee's liability. If this lease

© 2004. Sxiales Media. LLC F143 • Rrv 04/04 shall have been so terminated by Lessor, Lessor may at any time thereafter resume possession of the premises by any lawful means and remove Lessee or other occupants and their effects. No failure to enforce any term shall be deemed a waiver. **16. Security Deposit.** Lessee shall deposit with Lessor on the signing of this lease the sum of <u>N/A</u> Dollars ($\frac{N/A}{2}$) as security for the performance of Lessee's obligations under this lease, including without limitation the

surrender of possession of the premises to Lessor as herein provided. If Lessor applies any part of the deposit to cure any default of Lessee, Lessee shall on demand deposit with Lessor the amount so applied so that Lessor shall have the full deposit on hand at all times during the term of this lease.

17. Tax Increase. In the event there is any increase during any year of the term of this lease in the City, County or State real estate taxes over and above the amount of such taxes assessed for the tax year during which the term of this lease commences, whether because of increased rate or valuation, Lessee shall pay to Lessor upon presentation of paid tax bills an amount equal to 100 % of the increase in taxes upon the land and building in which the leased premises are situated. In the event that such taxes are assessed for a tax year extending beyond the term of the lease, the obligation of Lessee shall be proportionate to the portion of the lease term included in such year.

18. Common Area Expenses. In the event the demised premises are situated in a shopping center or in a commercial building in which there are common areas, Lessee agrees to pay his prorate share of maintenance, taxes, and insurance for the common area.

19. Attorney's Fees. In case suit should be brought for recovery of the premises, or for any sum due hereunder, or because of any act which may arise out of the possession of the premises, by either party, the prevailing party shall be entitled to all costs incurred in connection with such action, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

20. Waiver. No failure of Lessor to enforce any term hereol shall be deemed to be a waiver.

21. Notices. Any notice which either party may or is required to give, shall be given by mailing the same, postage prepaid, to Lessee at the premises, or Lessor at the address specified above, or at such other places as may be designated by the parties from time to time.

22. Heirs, Assigns, Successors. This lease is binding upon and inures to the benefit of the heirs, assigns and successors in interest to the parties.

23. Option to Renew. Provided that Lessee is not in default in the performance of this lease, Lessee shall have the option to renew the lease fortwoadditional term of <u>36</u> months commencing at the expiration of the initial lease term. All of the terms and conditions of the lease shall apply during the renewal term except that the monthly rent shall be the sum of <u>SEE</u> ADDENDUM

_____. The option shall be exercised by written notice given to Lessor not less than <u>30</u>______ days prior to the expiration of the initial lease term. If notice is not given in the manner provided herein within the time specified, this option shall expire. **24. Subordination.** This lease is and shall be subordinated to all existing and future liens and encumbrances against the property.

25. Radon Gas Disclosure. As required by law, (Landford) (Seller) makes the following disclosure: "Radon Gas" is a naturally occurring radioactive gas that, when it has accumulated in a building in sufficient quantities, may present health risks to persons who are exposed to it over time. Levels of radon that exceed federal and state guidelines have been found in buildings in _FLORTDA

Additional information regarding radon and radon testing may be obtained from your county public health unit. **26. Entire Agreement.** The foregoing constitutes the entire agreement between the partics and may be modified only by a writing signed by both parties. The following Exhibits, if any, have been made a part of this lease before the parties' execution hereot: SEE ATTACHED ADDENDUM.

Signer this

Lesson WILLIAM K Lessee: BY : STEINER-ATLANTIC CORP. MICHAEL S. STEINER, PRESIDENT

enventates.(00

85 2004, Sociates Media (UC) LF120 • Res. 04/02

Page 3

ADDENDUM TO COMMERCIAL LEASE

This is an Addendum to the Commercial Lease between William K. Steiner as Lessor and Steiner-Atlantic Corp. as Lessee.

- 1. The rent described in Paragraph 1 and 23 of the Lease shall increase each year by three percent (3%), including option years.
- This is a Triple Net Lease. Lessee shall be responsible for payment of all real estate taxes, insurance premiums and costs (buildings and property damage at replacement cost and liability insurance of at least \$1,000,000.00) and all maintenance and repair costs. Additionally, Lessee shall pay all applicable sales taxes due on the rent to Lessor.

Agreed to this day of SEDTEMBE Lessor; K. Steine William ess

Steiner-Allontic Corp. Lessee: By: Michael S. Steiner, Preside

itness



September 29, 2008

Sheila & William Steiner 2600 Island Boulevard- Unit 2006 Aventura, FL 33160

RE: Lease dated September 9, 2005 for 290 NE 68th Street, 297 NE 67th Street and 277 NE 67th Street, Miami, FL

Dear Sheila and William:

This letter is to confirm that Steiner-Atlantic Corp is exercising its option under Section 23 of the above captioned Lease to renew the Lease for another 36-month period commencing November 1, 2008 and ending on October 31, 2011.

Please confirm that you have received a copy of this letter by signing below.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact me.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Michael S. Steiner

Michael S. Steiner President

RECEIVED BY:

<u>/s/ William K. Steiner</u> William K. Steiner

<u>/s/ Sheila Steiner</u> Sheila Steiner



MAILING ADDRESS: R0.80X 380578 - MIAMI, FLORIDA 33238-0578 DADE: 305/754-4551 - TOLL FREE: 1-800/333-8883 FAX: 305/751-8380 - WEBSITE: WWW.STEINERATLANTIC.COM OFFICE & SHOWROOM: 290 N.E. 66TH STREET - MIAMI, FLORIDA 33138-5567



September 23, 2011

Sheila & William Steiner, Trustees Sheila Steiner Revocable Trust 2600 Island Boulevard- Unit 2006 Aventura, FL 33160

RE: Lease dated September 9, 2005 for 290 NE 68th Street, 297 NE 67th Street and 277 NE 67th Street, Miami, FL

Dear Sheila and William:

This letter is to confirm that Steiner-Atlantic Corp is exercising its option under Section 23 of the above captioned Lease to renew the Lease for another 36-month period commencing November 1, 2011 and ending on October 31, 2014.

Please confirm that you have received a copy of this letter by signing below.

If you have any questions, feel free to contact me.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Michael S. Steiner

Michael S. Steiner President

RECEIVED BY:

<u>/s/ William K. Steiner</u> William K. Steiner, Trustee

<u>/s/ Sheila Steiner</u> Sheila Steiner, Trustee

EINERIATL ANTI ا ر

MAILING ADDRESS: P.O.BOX 380578 - MIAMI, FLORIDA 33236-0578 DADE: 305/754-4551 - TOLL FREE: 1-800/333-8883 FAX: 305/751-8390 - WEBSITE: WWW.STEINERATLANTIC.COM OFFICE & SHOWROOM: 290 N.E. 68TH STREET - MIAMI, FLORIDA 33138-5567

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Michael S. Steiner, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2011 of EnviroStar, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: September 26, 2011

/s/ Michael S. Steiner

Michael S. Steiner President and Principal Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Venerando J. Indelicato, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2011 of EnviroStar, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: September 26, 2011

/s/ Venerando J. Indelicato

Venerando J. Indelicato Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of EnviroStar, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael S. Steiner, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

September 26, 2011

/s/ Michael S. Steiner Michael S. Steiner

Principal Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of EnviroStar, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Venerando J. Indelicato, Principal Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

September 26, 2011

/s/ Venerando J. Indelicato

Venerando J. Indelicato Principal Financial Officer